

***B.Tech. Degree VI Semester Examination in
Marine Engineering June 2013***

MRE 607 NAVAL ARCHITECTURE II

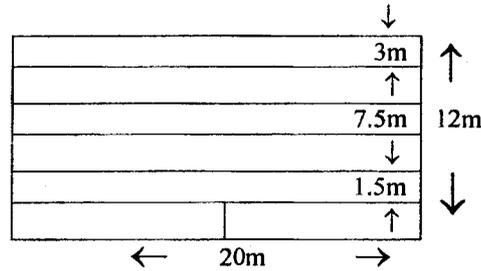
Time : 3 Hours

Maximum Marks : 100

- I. (a) How do you determine B.M.distribution along the length of a ship? (5)
- (b) A rectangular shaped ship of size 120m long, 20m wide and 12m deep is floating in water with the following weights: (15)
- (i) 12,000t evenly distributed over the entire length.
- (ii) Another load of 3000t is distributed amidships evenly for a length of 40m.
- Determine the load curve, weight curve, buoyancy curve, shear force curve and B.M.curve.

OR

- II. (a) What are the static and dynamic loads acting on a ship structure? (5)
- (b) The midship section of a ship of breadth 18m and depth 12m is shown. (15)



All plates and girders are of 12mm thick.
Find out minimum section modulus.

- III. (a) Define real and apparent slip ratios. (5)
- (b) A propeller has a real slip ratio of 0.08 and wake fraction of 22%. Calculate its apparent slip ratio (15)

OR

- IV. (a) Explain the various efficiencies associated with ship propulsion. Differentiate between quasi-propulsive coefficient and propulsive coefficient. (5)
- (b) A propeller has diameter of 8m and pitch ratio of 0.68. Hub radius is 0.2R. Calculate the pitch angle at root and tip of blade. (15)

- V. (a) Sketch a typical rudder and define span, chord, aspect ratio, taper ratio, leading edge, trailing edge root and tip. (10)
- (b) Explain the various kinds of motion stabilities associated with ships. Make neat sketches. (10)

OR

- VI. (a) Explain the turning action of ship and role of rudders. (10)
- (b) What are the parameters affecting the rudder forces? How do you calculate rudder torque? (10)

(P.T.O)

- VII. (a) What are the different types of waves in the sea? Briefly explain. (10)
- (b) How trochoidal waves are generated? Derive the equation for the co-ordinates of a trochoidal wave. (10)
- OR**
- VIII. (a) Derive the equation of motion of ship in unresisted rolling in still water. Write down the expression of free rolling period and explain the terms. (10)
- (b) A ship of 10,000t displacement is having $GM = 0.5\text{m}$ and radius of gyration = 7m. Calculate the rolling period. (10)
- IX. Write short notes on *any four*. (20)
- (i) Anti-rolling devices
 - (ii) Strength, duration, fetch, sea and swell
 - (iii) Admiralty coefficient and fuel coefficient and its uses
 - (iv) Wettness and slamming
 - (v) Cavitation of propellers
 - (vi) Sagging and hogging
 - (vii) Balancing of rudders.
